ZANESVILLE claims 20,000 people. She ought to have at least that many, as she has a debt of \$538,243 18.

Fair in New York, on Monday evening acy that successful dairy farming re-It is doubtless true, as pointed at twenty-three cities amounted, during of a domain which in Europe would be alnost a principality. On the contrary, the House, and \$717,821,069 at all the other extent and the most highly cultivated. New York, was \$190,738,642; the total at The condition of agriculture in France is

we exported of bacon and hams. Twowith England, where four-fifths of the only in the country. There are nearly 6, 000,000 houses in France, and far the greater part of them cottages, with small number are small freeholds belonging to their occupants. It is plain that the secret

the soil is the minute subdivision of the Failure of the Mingo Furnace.
Our attention was called yesterday to

showing up of Mingo Furnace affairs that ays ago. The statements therein made night to light by Mr. Harry Caldwell, of this city, who was engaged as an

office: Nos. 25 and 27 Fourteenth Street.

MR. S. G. W. Morrison, who has lately returned from a business trip West, reports an improved feeling among the buyers of Wheeling manufactures, and a general belief that times have "turned the smiter" and are slowly changing for the

The Country as Represented by the

The New York Public of December 5th is on our table. It gives the relative bank clearings of the principal cities for the months of November this year and last. address at the International Dairy ings fell off from \$17,690,910 in November 1877, to \$15,365,494 this November, a deal B. F. Butler sought to dispel the cline of 13.2 per cent. At Cincinnati there that successful dairy farming re- was a decline of 10.7 and at Chicago an increase of 4.0 per cent. The total exchanges General Butler, that the common the month of November, to \$2,359,505,632 of a "dairy farm" is the proprietary Of this enormous total \$1,641,684,563 were all other agricultural indus- cities. The total at Philadelphia was \$116, may be most profitably carried on by 473,642; the total at Baltimore, \$43,646,002; exhibit for November this year with No

MOUNDSVILLE

The Oil Question—A Young Man "P sessed of a Devil."

MOUNDSVILLE, December 6, 1878.

onsiderably excited over the "oil ques-ion." It is true that the company, boring from our town, when they came to the first sand stone, or what oil men call the first oil stone, found oil in small quantistop boring and go to work to get all the leases from the farmers on this side of the river that could be had. After securing all the territory that they could get, they commenced work again and sunk their well the other the first stown without fading more

tommenced work again and sunk their well through the first stone without finding much old flam toffl, however, that they were not much disappointed, as they did not expect to get much oil until they struck the second sand or oil stone. This they have not a fannoyed by a strong very much annoyed by a strong very on of salt water that made its appearance immediately below the first stone. If they had been boring for salt water they would

well, of this city, who was engaged as an expert by several stockholders to overhal the accounts of the concern after its failure. Mr. Caldwell could only make a partial report as to what he discovered and suspected, owing to the fact that he was shut off from the books at the close of the second week. He did the best he could in that short time, and gleaned enough to saisfy the stockholders that they had been hally deluded as to the status of their country for all least three years before it failed. It seems that at the annual meeting in April, 1875, the President's report summarked the year's business as follows: Metal on hand April 1, 1874, 417 tons; make during the year, 12,451 tons; sold, 12,549 tons, total, 15,888 tons; total, 15,888 tons; total, 15,888 tons; total, 16,168 tons, togeth, 16,168 tons, togeth, 17,170 tons, and during the year, 14,985 tons; total, 17,188 tons; make during the year, 14,985 tons; total, 18,170 tons, plus 104 tons, difference in weights, etc.; total, 18,750 the meeting was greeded with he following: Metal on hand, 378 tons; make during the year, 14,988 tons; total, 18,188 tons; togeth, 18,189 tons, leaving 378 tons on hand.

In 1875 the meeting was greeded with he following: Metal on hand, 378 tons; make during the year, 14,988 tons; total, 18,188 tons; togeth, 18,189 tons, leaving 378 tons on hand.

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In 1876 the meeting was greeded wit la 1875 the meeting was greeted with the following: Metal on hand, 378 tons; made during the year, 14,988 tons; bought, 522 tons; total, 15,888 tons; sold, 14,710 tons, plus 104 tons, difference in weights, etc., equal to 14,811 tons. This should leave, April 1, 1876, 1,077 tons.

la '76-77 the business was reported to steckholders as follows: Metal made, 12, 535 tons. Sold daring the year, 11,875 tons. Sold daring the year, 11,875 tons. Sold daring the year, 11,875 tons. The President's report gave the material on hand, as shown by books, 1,883 tons. The President's report gave the material on hand as 2,815 tons—eleven hundred tons too much. The monetary value of this fictitions metal was \$20 per ton, or \$24,000. Further, the committee ascertained that there was really in that year-adedict in assets (metal, &c.) of fully \$24,000. So that the real variance from facts was allows \$50,000.

Again, when the committee got down to 1877-35 they found the following showing by the books: On hand, 1,683 tons; made during year, 14,125 tons; sold, 15,927 tons. This left 1,225 tons; sold, 15,927 tons. This left 1,225 tons. But again the officers' report comes forward with a statement to the effect that there were on band, 3,31 tons: By actual investigation just 144 tons were found "orbhand." In this 1470 tons, plus 104, 1470 tons, plus 104, 1470 tons, plus 104, 1470 tons, plus 105, 1470 tons, plus 104, 1470 tons, plus 105, 1470 tons, plus 104, 14

BY TELECRAPH.

TO THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER.

GENERAL NEWS.

Secretary Schurz Discusses the Indian Question---He Defends the Policy of the Interior Department.

Hoes, Not Guns, the Medium of Indian Civilization-Past Shortcomings of the Indian Bureau under the War Department.

Last Day of the Commercial Convention at Passed and Referred to the Tender Mercies of Congress.

WASHINGTON.

Washington, December 6.—The Joint Washington, December 6.—The Joint Commission considering the transfer of the Indian Bureau to the Military Department heard Secretary Schurz to-day. He disclaimed any personal desire to retain control of the Indian service under the Interior Department. No branch of the Department's business is so troublesome and thankless. He thought the Indians entitled to humane treatment, and that could only be secured through the processes of civilization, education and kind treatment. This the military were not fitted to promote.

cesses of civilization, education and kind treatment. This the military were not fitted to promote.

The Secretary quoted from the report of the Sioux Commission, signed by Generals Sherman, Terry, Auger and others, setting forth in effect that if peace with the Indians was desired the management of their affairs should be placed under the civil Department of the Government. Now I agree with these gentlemen in this point. There are agreat many officers of the army who have excellent ideas about Indian affairs, but it is another thing to bring the ideas into practical effect. The military arm of the Government he didn't consider gifted with the patient labor required to place the loe in the Indian's hand and teach him how to use it.

He denied very emphatically that the red tape system of reporting Indian outbreaks, which had been asserted, was required under the present administration of-Indian affairs. Whenever a case arises where prompt action is necessary, he, in person, communicated with the Secretary of War or the General of the Army, as the case may be, thereby causing but a very few hours delay in perfecting the necessary arrangements to meet the emergency, rather than months, as intimated by Secretary Sherman.

He claimed that the demand for the

the Military Department was based upon assumptions rather than upon facts. History will prove that the Indian Bureau is credited with Indian wars, which in reality occurred previous to its organization. Under the civil management the cause of the majority of wars, in his opinion, is the becelving of treaties, together with the en-

The contract was made at \$10 per near, and 20,000 Cherokee Indians were removed but 16,000 in excess of the actual number were charged and paid for, making an actual payment of \$204,276 in excess, or \$103 per capita.

He also read a report dated 1834, which showed exorbitant prices which the Indians were charged for various articles, and concluded that from all this it would be seen that the record of the War Department's management of the Indian at

be seen that the record of the War De-partment's management of the Indian af-lairs was by no means as clean as Gon. Marcy tried to make out. He was not going to spected that the civil administration was, pure. No such thing, but he would say they had had no scandal quite so had as the Cherokee af-fair.

army cost \$4,000,000, while the transportation of food, clothing, etc., for the Indians only cost \$225,000. A glance would show that the Department of the Interior got its transportation at cheaper rates. He did not attribute any of these things to dishonest of the army, but rather to their cavalier way of looking at and dealing with things. Soldiers never thought of the cost of a thing if it was thought to be necessary; as an instance, he mentioned that at the close of the Sioux war there were about 20,000 horses, ponies and mules taken from the Indians for which cows were to be given to them, and it turned out that these ponies and mules cost \$5,083 additional. This was an instance of their cavalier way, which was not found in the Interior Department.

G. C. Watkins, Inspector of the Indian Department, followed Schutz and opposed a transfer. He explained the mode of inspection of Indian supplies.

Erland Miles gave his reasons why con-

spection of Indlan supplies.
Friend Miles gave his reasons why control of the Indians should not pass to the War Department.

The subscription to the four per cent oan to-day amounted to \$1,452,450. A NOTE OF WARNING FROM POSTMASTER KEY. A NOTE OF WARNING FROM POSTMASTER EAST.

Postmaster General Key to-day directed a letter to be prepared for transmission to the Speaker of the House of Representatives, foreshadowing the discontinuance of the postal car service in all parts of the country on 1st of January next, unless Congress shall in the meantime make an appropriation to continue it.

notified all railroads to take no more hogs until further notice, there being no accommodations for them at present, and on account of the unprecedented low prices for provisions, packers don't care to engage more heavily in business than necessary. There is no probability of the strikers getting theirs terms. It is reported that the strikers are waiting for some advance from the employers to get back at old prices. The strikers at the stock yards seemed more reasonable this afternoon and it is expected that they will go to work in the morning at the old rates. The packing company has arranged to send its hogs to East Louis if the strike continues.

to o'clock this afternoon a terrible explosion occured at the Upper Briar Hill Furnace. The furnace men were in the act of turning on the blast when the explosion occured, throwing the hot blast in every direction and covering the men. Robert Lowe, of New Castle, had a thigh broken and was otherwise seriously injured; his recovery is doubtful; George Anderson had his legs and head badly cut; Patrick Saunders had his head and body badly cut; the boss had a leg broken and was otherwise seriously injured. The cause of the explosion is not known.

Deadwoon, D. T., December 6.—Prof. Jenny, who visited the Rocheford mining district, distant from Deadwood 25 miles Jenny, who visited the Rocheford mining district, distant from Deadwood 25 miles, expresses the opinion that the town of Rocheford is in the centre of a quartz district of the Hills, and that the belt is a spur or continuation of the leads of that section. He says the ore is of low grade but its grear abundance will assure the permanency of a new camp. The new district covers an area of about 20 miles. The Professor, since the late investigations, has become satisfied that the Black Hills are destined to be the greatest gold producing country in the world.

Washington, D. C., December 6—1. A.M.
For Tennessee and Ohio Valley partly cloudy weather, rain areas and north-westerly, stationary or lowest fremperature, in. eastern portions, higher temperature, in. eastern portions, higher temperature. For the Lower Lakes partly cloudy weather, areas of light snow, western winds shifting to northerly; stationary or lower temperature and generally higher pressure.

CHICAGO, December 6.—A Yankton dis patch says the grand jury, discharged to day, found 44 indictments against Living ston and other Indian agents, Government employes and timber thieves. Livingemployes and timber thieves. Livi ston, Leclaire, Richardson and Rus were arraigned to-day on one joint indict-ment and will plead on the 23d.

Question.

RICHMOND, VA., December 6.—In the House resolutions were adopted instructing the Finance Committee to inquire into and report whether the present State of Virginia is liable for the whole debt of the tion set apart as West Virginia's quota,

Schooner Wrecked - All Hands Lost. Macinas, Me., December 6. — The schooner Caledonia went ashore on Libbey Island. The Captain and a crew of five men were lost.

Marine News. New York, December 6.—Baltic Liver-col, Denmark, London, Necker, Bremen,

Fight Inches of Snow.

Jamesrown, N. Y., Decamber 6.—Anexy snow prevails here; now 8 inches

TELEGRAPHIC SORTS.

President Vail, of the defunct Merchants and Mechanics Bank of New York, has been indicted; also deputy Sheriff Mur-

At lone were on head investigation just a series of the over-estimated value of another investigation and the part of the over-estimated value of another investigation just of dishon committed him to just in reply to a question by the Pittsburgh forder reporter, (addressed, we presume, to one of the directors) as to wity "all this property and the part of the order of the directors as to wity "all this property in the part of the part

FOREIGN NEWS.

with foreign countries that they contribute means and influence necessary to secure the performance of the postal service herein indicated, as well as adequate commercial transportation to all foreign countries whatever. Such organized postalservice and commercial transportation is specially urged as being in all cases absolutely necessary to insure that regular and continuous transportation and delivery of passengers, merchandise and correspondence between production and consumption, as is indispensible to the market control and financial transactions of the modern commerce. On the project of a treaty between the Rumored Scheme of Russia and England to Partition Afghanistan.

Parliament Squabbling Over the Afghan

Invasion. ENGLAND.

PARLIAMENT PROCEEDINGS.

In the dates and France, oner the Johnston grasolutions in regard thereto:

Resolved, That in the opinion of this Committee the project of a treaty between the United States and France, together with the important commercial exhibits accompanying the same, as signed and sub-mitted to the treaty-making powers of the two countries respectively, deserve at-tentive consideration; that in the opinion

could not consent to adjourn the discussion.

The Secretary of State for India, in the House of Lords, and the Under Secretary for India, in the House of Lords, and the Under Secretary for India, in the House of Commons, will Monday move the following resolution:

Resolved, That Her Majesty having directed a military expedition of her forces charged upon the Indian revenue, to be dispatched against the Ameer of Afghanistan, this House consents that the revenues of India shall be applied to defray the expenses of military operations which may be carried on beyond the confines of Her Majesty's Indian possessions.

Northcote ultimately yielded, and agreed to postpone the report on the address till Monday, when it will be the first subject to be discussed, and Whitbread's resolution will be moved as the amendment thereto.

Lord Hartington gave notice of the intention of himself and his followers to support Whitbread's resolution.

Sir Stafford Northcote said: The reference in the dispatch of Lord Lytton to the possibility of a direct understanding between England and Russia for wiping out Afghanistan, could be only regarded as a personal opinion of the Viceroy as to the probable result of the Ameer's policy. There was no ground for supposing it referred to any direct or formal proposal. There was no ground for supposing it re-ferred to any direct or formal proposal. DIVIDE THE SPOILS.

In influential quarters it is believed that in arrangement with Russia for the settle-nent of the Central Asia question is on the tapis, and it is likely to assume the form of a partition of Afghanistan. A BANK IN DIFFICULTY.

It is reported on Exchange that the West of England and South Wales District Bank, which holds it office at Bristol, is in diffi-

AUSTRIA.

UNFAVORABLE IMPRESSION. VIENNA, Dec. 6.—The ministerial crisis Constantinople has produced a very un-parable impression here. Kheireddin asha, the new Grand Vizier, is one of ustria's bitterest adversaries. He urgod to Sultan to forcibly resist the Austrian

Third Day's Session—Foreign and Domes-tic Commerce.

New Orleans, December 6.—At the Commercial Convention Hon. W. M. Bur-will, Chairman of the Committee on For-eign and Demestic Commerce, submitted

the following, which was adopted: have had the several subjects, to them re

spectfully to report— First. Our commerce with the West In-First. Our commerce with the West In-dia Islands, Mexico and South America. In regard to this subject your committee recommend for adoption the following WHEREAS, The unprecedented develop-

far in excess of domestic consumption, or of foreign demand, while the cheapness of European labor has, with the cost of transportation between the American interior and the markets of Europe, rendered the prospect of an enlarged and adequate demand for the prospective productions of our country in these markets very unfavorable; and
Winagas, The Advantages of a commerce with the States and Colonies of this continent, though legitimately due to the United States, have been greatly obstructed by rigorous revenue laws and re-

mercewith the States and Colonies of this continent, though legitimately due to to the United States, have been greatly one to the United States, have been greatly one structed by rigorous revenue laws and restricted ponuncial relations established and existing between the United States and those States and colonies respectively, as also by the absence of adequate facilities of transportation and correspondence between these countries; therefore, Resolved, That the President and Senate of the United States are respectfully requested to review our treaties and conventions of commerce with all foreign powers and to make such negotiations with such of the powers as may be deemed expedient as will secure to the contracting powers, respectively, such a parity and equality of duties upon all articles of growth or product of each of such countries as may be imported for use or sale within the dominion or jurisdiction of any of them. of them. Resolved that the House of Representa-

tives is respectfully requested upon the negotiation of any such treaty or conven-tion to so modify the revenue laws of the United States as may be necessary to give Onited States of the Federal Con-effect therein.

Resolved, That to give further effect to this policy Congress is respectfully re-quested to declare and establish, accord-

quested to declare and estanish, according to the provisions of the Federal Constitution, the following post routes for the transportation and delivery of the public mails to be carried on vessels entirely owned, built and registered in the United States.

Ayres, in the Argentine Republic, respectively.
Second. Between the port of New Orleans and the port of Aspinwall, in Central America, providing for such mall services by the way of each of these routes services by the way of each of these rotuse respectively, according to such terms of pay and schedule as may be deemed proper by Congress with adequate appropriations therefore, it being understood that the Government of Brasil and the Argentine Republic preposes to aid in the proposed service to Bio Janeiro.

Besolved, That this Convention earnestly recommend to the capital and enterprise

The Chancellor of the Exchequer said he could not postpone the discussion of the Government, and the resolution, was fixed for Monday next. Upon this announcement Lord Hartington applied to the Government to give place to Mr. Whitbord's resolution. Mr. Gladstone supported Lord Hartington's appeal, but Sir. Stafford Northcote stating that the Government's motion, not necessarily meaning to charge all costs of the war to India, he could not consent to adjourn the discussion.

The Secretary of State for India, in the House of Lords, and the Under Secretary for India, in the House of Commons, will Monday move the following resolution:

Resolved, That Her Majesty having directed a military expedition of her forces charged upon the Indian revenue, to be dispatched against the Ameer of Afghanistan, this House consents that the revenues of India shall be applied to defray the expenses of military operations which may be carried on beyond the confines of Her Majesty's Indian possessions.

Northcote thimately yielded, and agreed to postpone the report on the address till Monday, when it will be the first subject to be disgussed, and Whitbread's resolution will be moved as the amendment thereto.

Lord Hartington gave notice of the interest. company its completion as calculated to greatly promote our trade with those After adopting the above and appointing

a committee to memorialize Congress on the various measures recommended the Convention adjourned sine die. Convention adjourned sine die.

The committee on memorializing Congress met and appointed Hon. Philip Pendleton, of West Virgnia, chairman, and B. E. Linchan, of Iowa, secretary. The full committee will meet in Washing-

Financial and Commercial.

BY TELEGRAPH.

New York Money and Stocks. New York; December 6.—Money—Easy at 2at per cent. Prime mercantile paper 4a 5½ per cent. The Assistant Treasurer disbursed \$384,000. Custom receipts \$182,000. Clearings, \$11,000,000. Sterling Exchange, bankers bills strong at 4.82; Sight Exchange on New York 4.83½. Dry goods imports for the week \$1,000,000.

Philadelphia.

Philadelphia.

Philadelphia.

Philadelphia.

Philadelphia.

dy; superfines \$2 508 90; extra \$3 003 50; Minnesota family \$4 2564 75; high grades \$6 50 at 75.

Wheat—Weak; No. 2 red \$1 094; amber \$1 0741 075; white \$1 0941 10; No. 2 Chicago \$56396. Corn—Steady; steamer 4041c; yellow 4747/90; new mixed 45c. Oats—Quiet and sicady gwhite western: 30031c; mixed western \$2 4226. Rye-Nominally unchanged. Provisions—Easy. Mcss Pork—\$8 250 75. Reef—India mess 16c; hams, smoked, 74484cc; niokied, 646146c; green 5c. Lard—Dull; rrime steam 64c. Butter—Steady; New York State and Bradford county, Pa., extra, 21a23c; Western 20a27c. Cheese—Dull; western 29a27c. Cheese—Dull; western 39a27c. Cheese—Dull; western 39a27c.

that the Governingent of Brazil and the Argentine Republic proposed service to Rijo Janeiro.

Resolved. That this Convention carnessly recommend to the capital and enterprise linvested in our foreign commerce, and especially to the railroads and river transportation interests connecting every port and every trade centre of the interior Foreign goods quiet,

Baltimore.

Baltim

Chicago, December 6.—Flour—Dull and unchanged. Wheat—Qulet; No. 2 red winter, 865/a87c; No. 2 Chicago spring 835/c cash; 835/c December; 835/c January, 845/e February. Corn—Steady and in fair demand at 315/c bid cash; 315/c January. Oats—Steady and unchanged; 20c cash; 205/c January, Rye—Steady and unchanged. Barley—Strong and higher; 67:807/5/c. Fork—Fair demand, but at lower rates; 86 65 cash December; 87:90a7/25/January, 88:06 asked February. Lard—Fair demand, but at lower rates; closed firm at \$6.02/a650 cash January, 85.72/36378. February. Bulk Meats—Dull and lower, shoulder \$2.50a2.55; short rib \$3.00a3.65; short clear \$3.70a3.75; these prices for loose, cash. Whisky—Steady and unchanged at \$1.05.

prices a shade lower at \$\frac{3}{5}\times\$. Flour—Dull and unchanged. Wheat—Quiet and unchanged; red and white \$\frac{5}{6}\times\$. Corra—Dull and drooping at \$\frac{3}{18}\times\$. Oats—In good demand at full prices, \$22\frac{3}{2}\times\$. Rye—Quiet and firm at \$50 a52\times\$. Barley—Firm; good to prime spring \$\frac{5}{6}\times\$75c. Pork—Steady and in fair demand at \$800. Lard—In good demand but at lower rates; steam \$57\frac{1}{2}\times\$60. Bulk Meats—Dull; partly cured \$2.70\times\$70\times\$0. Bulk Meats—Dull; partly cured \$2.70\times\$70\times\$40. Butter—Dull and drooping. Linseed Oil—Firm; held at \$9\$ a00c. Whisky—Kasier at \$1.03.

Hous—Inactive and lower; common \$2.10. Ac 40; light \$2.40\times\$2.00; butchers \$2.70\times\$2.00. Receipts 1,400; shipments 1,877.

CHICAGO, December 6.—The Drovers' Jour-

nal reports :

Hoos—Receipts 38,000 head; shipments 3,000 head. Market has struck; stock here 80,000; prime heavy sold \$2 70a 2 85; light \$2 45a 2 00; sacking \$2 40a 2 60. About 40,000 unsold at

2,300 head. Market active and steady; shipping \$3 40a5 00; feeders and stockers \$2 40a 2 60; butchers' firm; cows \$2 00a2 40; bulls \$2 00a2 20; steers \$2 40a3 10.

SHEEP - Receipts 1,600; shipments 670; firmer at \$2 40a2 80.

Allegheny Cattle.

East Liberty, December 6.—Cattle—Receipts to-day 1,768 head through and 128 of local; total for four days 2,920 head of through, and 1,362 of local. Everything sold out at Wednesday and Thursday's prices, but the feeling is not quite so good for next week.

Hoss—Receipts to-day 7,305 head; total for four days 27,350 head. Yorkers \$2 65a2 79; Philadelphias \$2 90a3 00.

Siker—Receipts to-day 300 head. Total for four days 2,800 head. Nothing for sale, but closed with a good feeling for next week.

NEW OBLEANS, December 6,—Coffee—Active but not quotably higher; Rio cargoes, ordinary to prime, 12a152c, gold. Sugar—In good demand; Inferior to good common 4½a42c; common to good common 5½a5½c; yellow clarified 6½a7½c. Molasses—Common ordinary to prime 51/a61/c. Philadelphia Wool, PHILADELPHIA, De cember 6.—Wool—Firmer and in improved demand; Ohlo, Pennsylvania and West Virginia XX and above 35a36c; X 345a35c; med. 35a37c; coarse 30a32c; N. Y., Mich., Ind. and western fine 31a34c; medium

35a36c; coarse 30g31c; combing, washed 42c; combing, unwashed 36a38c; Canada coi ing 36a39c; fine unwashed 21c; coarse i medium 22a271/c. PITTSBURGH, December 6.—PETROLEUM—Quiet; crude firm at \$1 1014 at Parker's; refined 8½ for Philadelphia delivery.

LONDON, December 5.—PETROLEUM—Refined 9½c,

ANTWORD

ANTWENT, December 6,—Pernoleum—Rened 22c.

Toleno, December 6.—Wheat—Dull; amber Michigan spot 94c; January 95c; No. 2 red winter spot and December 94/c; January 95c; No. 2 red 80/c; western amber 63/c. Corn—Steady; high mixed 35c; new 323/c; No. 234/c; new 52c. Oata—Dull; No. 2, 23c.

HAMMOND.—Friday morning, December 6, 1878, JAMES W. HAMMOND, son of James and Catharine Hammond, ged 17 years, 6 months and 14 days. Funeral from the residence of the parents, near corner of Zane and North Huron effects, Island, this (Saturday) afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends of the family are invited to attend.

CHARLES E. DWIGHT,

PRACTICAL CHEMIST, Is prepared to make careful and complete analyses of Iron Ores, Limestones, Mineral Waters, etc.

OST-AT WASHINGTON HALL, ON Prising evening, December 6, a PICKET-BOOK, containing a sum of money and a card. The finder will be rewarded by returning the same to this office, de?

Millinery Goods. MISS E. RODY,

No. 1027 MAIN STREET, WHEELING, (Opposite Stone & Thomas') Offers to the Ladies of city and vicinity a full line

Comprising the Latest Styles of RIBBONS, VELVETS AND SATINS. Also, a Large Assortment of Ladies' & Children's Hats

The Cheapest in the market. A desirable stock of NOTIONS of all kinds. Particular attention paid to

SOMETHING NEW. A New Line of

CUSPIDORES, Both beautiful and ornamental, and suitable for Hotels and Restaurants, just opened at JOHN FRIEDEL'S, no8 1139 Main Street.

HENRY VOEHL,

Saddles, Tranks, Bridles, Whips, &c. Collars. Whips, 650-2113 Market St., opp. Pitth Ward Market, CENTER WHERLING, W. YA., ST Repairing promptly and neatly done. nod D. PRAGER,

Church Decorator Original Designs and Styles to harmonize with architectural design of building. Special attention given to Stores and Dwellings. All designs and styles to be seen at Sample Room. No. 1381 MAIN ST., WHEELING.

Biver News.

River 14 feet 9 inches, and falling.

Weather clear and pleasant.

The Mallie Ragon departed for Parkersburg at 10½ o'clock.

The local packets were on time.

The Hudson arrived from Cincinnati at

The Buckeye State, from Pittsburgh

passed down last night.
The O'Neal will leave for Pittsburgh this morning at 7 o'clock.
The Courier will be the Parkersburg packet this morning at 10½ o'clock.

The Hudson will leave for Cincinnati at

3 P. M.
The W. P. Thompson, from Cincinnati, will pass up this afternoon.
The Salt Valley, from Ironton, will pass up to-night, and the Stockdale, from Cincinnati, to-morrow morning at 9 o'clock.

NASHVILLE, December 6.—River falling, with 7 feet on the shoals. Pritishungit, December 6.—River 8 feet 11 inches and falling. Weather sloudy and

St. Louis, December 6.—River stationary, with 6 feet scant to Cairo. Weather clear and cold.

Мемрииs, December 6.—River rose 32 inches. Arrived: James W. Gaff, Cincinna-ti. Departed: Future City and barges, New Orleans.

EVANSVILLE, December 6.—River falling, with 28 0.10 feet on gauge. Weather clear and cool; mercury 30°. Up—J. D. Scully. Down—Parker. Louisville, December 6.—River falling with 12 feet in canal. Weather clear and cool. Departed—Cherokee, New Orleans; Donnally, Cincinnati.

VICKSBURG, December 6.-Weather fair. Thermometer 70°. Up: Mary Houston, Jennie Howard. Arrived: Belle Mem-phis. Down: R. E. Lee, General Rucker.

St. Louis.

New Orleans, December 6.—Arrived:
Thompson Dean, Memphis; Mollie Moore,
St. Louis; Thomas Sherlock, Cincinnati.
Departed: Thompson Dean, O. P. Chateau,
Memphis; Port Eads and barges, St. Louis;
Clear and partly cloudy; mercury 62°.

CAIBO, December 6.—Arrived: John
Means, Fannie Lowis, Ironsides, St. Louis;
Simpson Horner, Ohio river; West Wind,
Memphis; Alice Brown and J. Sharp McDonald, Ohio river. Departed: Anderson,
Nashville; Fannie Lewis, Memphis: Horner, Vicksburg; McDonald, New Orleans.
River 26 feet 10 inches and rising. Clear;
mercury 42°.

GO ON BOARD THE STEAM-BR HUDSON and stop your expense and flud speed, safety and confort com-bined.—For Pomeroy, Huntington, Gallipolis, Big Sandy, Ironton, Portsmouth, Maywille, Ripley and Chrcinnati. The commodious Fassenger Steamer. CHARLIE D. LIST, Clerk, Will leave as above Saturday, December 7th, at 3 o'clock p. M., promptly. For particulars inquire at Boat Store, or Old Reliable Wharfboat, where freight will be received until hour of departure by de6 C. H. BOOTH & SON, Agents.

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Cassimere Pants to Order Black Cloth and Diagonal Dress Suits to Order

\$16 \$18 \$20 \$25 \$30 Cash. A Full Line of the Above to Choose From All goods tastefully cut, well trimmed, made in most fashionable manner, and warranted to fit.

It will pay you to give us a cnil.

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CINCINNATI, O. Dresses, Shawis, Silks, Velvets and Clothing Dyed Dresses in all Fabrics Cleaned without ripping. Lace Curtains cleaned, Crape Vells dyed. Dress goods dyed in the piece.

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